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| ATION NO. | CONFIRMATIO | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | FILING DATE | APPLICATION NO. | |
|-----------|-------------|---------------------|---|----------------------|-----------------|--|
| 33 | 9133 | 270621US0PCT | Kaoru Masuda | 04/22/2005 | 10/532,408 | |
| | INER | EXAM | | 590 02/23/2006 | 22850 75 | |
| | , MICHAIL | KORNAKOV | OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. | | | |
| IUMBER | PAPER NUM | ART UNIT | 1940 DUKE STREET ALEXANDRIA, VA. 22314 | | | |
| | | 1746 | | | | |
| N | PAPER | | | ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314 | | |

DATE MAILED: 02/23/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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| | Application No. | Applicant(s) |
| | 10/532,408 | MASUDA ET AL. |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | Mlkhail Kornakov | 1746 |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the c | orrespondence address |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE | N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133). |
| Status | | |
| Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 December</u> This action is FINAL. 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under Extended | action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro | |
| Disposition of Claims | | |
| 4) ☐ Claim(s) 1,3,4 and 6-10 is/are pending in the all 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1,3,4,6-10 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | vn from consideration. | |
| Application Papers | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the original transfer access and the correction is objected to by the Examiner. | epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of | s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | on No ed in this National Stage |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other: | |

Application/Control Number: 10/532,408 Page 2

Art Unit: 1746

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claim 1 is amended, claims 2 and 5 are cancelled, new claims 7-10 are added by Applicants' amendment of 12/07/2005.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Art Unit: 1746

5. Claims 1, 3, 4, 6-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Koch (U.S. 6,331,487).

Koch teaches a method of removing residues from semiconductor substrate by contacting the substrate with the cleaning composition, prepared by mixing pressurized carbon dioxide with hydrogen fluoride, wherein the process and concentration of hydrogen fluoride is described in col.2, lines 22-25, 55-63; col.3, line 3, lines 11-15. With regard to the pressure, the range of 1050-6000 psig corresponds to the instantly claimed range (1050 psig =7,24 Mpa) (see col.2, line 59). With regard to new claims 7-10 that recite the presence of an alcohol in the cleaning agent in the amount of 1% by mass or more, the reference to Koch teaches the presence of isopropyl alcohol or related alcohols in the amount of 0.1-15 v.v%, which corresponds to the mass % in the instantly claimed range. With regard to the controlling the amount of water within 0.0001-0.;5% by mass, Koch teaches that preferably the cleaning composition includes only carbon dioxide and HF, the presence of water in such composition is expected only in trace amounts, which corresponds to parameters recited in the instant claim 7.

The disclosure of Koch differs from the instant claims 1 and 7 by disclosing 0.096% by mass of the hydrogen fluoride versus the instantly amended range having the highest concentration of 0.05 mass %.

However, the instant specification does not provide any evidence of unexpected and/or superior results with the range of concentrations as instantly claimed, and therefore, differences in concentration or temperature will not support the patentability of subject matter encompassed by the prior art unless there is evidence indicating such

Application/Control Number: 10/532,408

Art Unit: 1746

concentration or temperature is critical. "[W]here the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, it is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable ranges

Page 4

by routine experimentation." In re Aller, 220 F.2d 454, 456, 105 USPQ 233, 235 (CCPA 1955. The normal desire of scientists or artisans to improve upon what is already generally known provides the motivation to determine where in a disclosed set of percentage ranges is the optimum combination of percentages.), In re Peterson, 315 F.3d at 1330, 65 USPQ2d at 1382. For more recent cases applying this principle, see Merck & Co. Inc. v. Biocraft Laboratories Inc., 874 F.2d 804, 10 USPQ2d 1843 (Fed. Cir.), cert. denied, 493 U.S. 975 (1989); In re Kulling, 897 F.2d 1147, 14 USPQ2d 1056 (Fed. Cir. 1990); and In re Geisler, 116 F.3d 1465, 43 USPQ2d 1362 (Fed. Cir. 1997).

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1,3,4, 6-10 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. Rejection under 35 USC 102 (b) is changed to 103., with regard to the amended concentration of HF. However, Examiner would like to address the argument of Applicants related to the removing of photoresist as claimed vs. removing the polishing residues as per Koch. In response to applicant's arguments, the recitation "cleaning resist residue" has not been given patentable weight because the recitation occurs in the preamble. A preamble is generally not accorded any patentable weight where it merely recites the purpose of a process or the intended use of a structure, and where the body of the claim does not depend on the preamble for completeness but, instead, the process steps or structural

Page 5

limitations are able to stand alone. See *In re Hirao*, 535 F.2d 67, 190 USPQ 15 (CCPA 1976) and *Kropa v. Robie*, 187 F.2d 150, 152, 88 USPQ 478, 481 (CCPA 1951). The statements in the preamble reciting the purpose or intended use of the claimed invention do not result in the manipulative difference between the claimed invention and the prior art, and therefore, this recitation does not serve to limit the claim. See, e.g., In re Otto, 312 F.2d 937, 938, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963).

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MIkhail Kornakov whose telephone number is (571) 272-1303. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 - 5:30.

Application/Control Number: 10/532,408 Page 6

Art Unit: 1746

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Michael Barr can be reached on (571) 271-1114. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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M. Copus Cov Mikhail Kornakov Primary Examiner

Art Unit 1746

February 20, 2006